## Mathematics A2 (BMETE90AX02).

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## Program

Mathematics A2a -Vector Functions (of parts taught by Peter Moson).

Functions in several variables: continuity, differential and integral calculus, partial derivatives, Young's theorem. Local and global maxima/minima. Vector-vector functions, their derivatives, Jacobi matrix. Integrals: area and volume integral.

Infinite series: convergence, divergence, absolute convergence. Sequences and series of functions, convergence criteria, power series, Taylor series.

Fourier series: expansion, odd and even functions.

## Literature:

**Thomas' Calculus** by Thomas, G.B. et al. Addison-Wesley, 2005. (ISBN0321185587). Hungarian translation is available: <u>http://www.interkonyv.hu/konyvek/Thomas\_kalkulus\_3</u>

Test 1. Functions of several variables. March 14, 2018. 13%,

Test 2. Functions of several variables (continuation). Functional sequences, series. May 8, 2018. *13%*.

## **Detailed Program.**

2018-02-06.

Introduction. Functions of 2 real variables. Domain of definition, range, graph. Partial derivatives. Examples f(x,y)=1-x-y,  $(1-x^2-y^2)^{1/2}$ ,  $x^2+y^2$ ,  $x^2-y^2$ . Tangent plane. *Homework*: Thomas. Chapter 14, §1, Exercises 7, 9. Chapter 14, §3, Exercises 7, 9, 43. Chapter 14, §6, Exercises 9, 11.

2018-02-07.

Functions of 2 real variables. Taylor polynomial. Tangent plane. Local extremum (necessary, sufficient condition).

Examples for local extremum  $f(x,y)=x^2+y^2$ ,  $x^2-y^2$ ,  $x^3-3xy+y^3$ . *Homework*: Thomas. Chapter 14, §7, Exercise 25.

2018-02-13.

Functions of 2 real variables. Global extremum (on compact sets). Examples:  $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 - 2y$  on  $x^2 + y^2 \le 4$  and on  $-1 \le x \le 2, 0 \le y \le -x+2$ . Investigation on the boundary by its parametrization. *Homework*: Thomas. (Chapter, paragraph, exercise). 14.7.31, 14.7.41.

2018-02-14.

Functions of 2 real variables. Level curves. Examples: f(x,y)=1-x-y,  $(1-x^2-y^2)\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $x^2+y^2$ ,  $x^2-y^2$ , c=-1, 0, +1. Gradient. Chain rule (gradient is perpendicular to the level curve). Directional derivative (max, min – gradient).

Homework: Thomas. (Chapter, paragraph, exercise). 14.5.9, 14.5.17.

2018-02-21.

Functions of 2 real variables. Conditional extremum. Examples: (i) max/minf(x,y)=  $x^2+y^2-2y$  on  $x^2+y^2=4$ . (ii) The maximum, minimum distance between  $x^2+y^2=1$  and the point P(3,4). *Homework*: Thomas. (Chapter, paragraph, exercise). 14.8. 1, 5.

2018-02-27.

Double integrals on normal domains.

Normal domains with respect to x, y. Order of integration.

Examples. (i)Volume of a pyramid calculated by 2 methods (elementary, integration). f(x,y)= 1-x-y, D: 0<x<1, 0<y<1-x. (ii) Integration of f(x,y)=xy on  $0 \le x \le 1$ ,  $x^2 \le y \le x$  (by 2

methods: directly, changing the order of integration.

Substitution. Jacobi determinant. General case, polar coordinates.

2018-02-28.

Separable double integrals.

Substitution (polar coordinates). Volume of the sphere (by elementary method, by the integration of  $f(x,y)=(1-x^2-y^2)^{1/2}$ , D:  $x^2+y^2<1$ ).

Improper integrals. Example -  $f(x,y) = \exp(-x^2-y^2)$ , D:  $0 < x, y < \infty$ .

Application of double integrals (volume, mass, center of gravity, moment of inertia of plates). Example: Integral of  $f(x,y)=x^2+y^2$  over the unit circle. Different meanings (volume, mass, moment of inertia).

Homework. Thomas. 15.1. 1, 5, 21, 31. 15. 3. 1, 3, 7.

2018-03.06.

Functions of 3 real variables. Level surfaces. Gradient. Tangent plane to the level surface. Directional derivative. Local extremum (necessary condition). Examples:

 $f(x, y, z) = x + y + z, x^2 + y^2 + z^2, x^2 + y^2 - z^2$ . Conditional extremum. Closest distance examples (point to plane, cylinder, and sphere).

2018-03.07.

Practical lecture. Solution of Test 1 (2017-03-14).

2018-03.13.

Practical lecture. Solution of Retake Test 1 (2017-05-10). Consultation.

2018-03.14. Wednesday, 16:15. K. building 255. Test 1.

2018-03-20.

Triple integration in Cartesian coordinates. Volume of a pyramid. Triple integration in cylindrical coordinates. Volume of the cone. Triple integration in spherical coordinates. Volume of the sphere.

2018-03.21.

Remarks on Test 1. Finalization of results.

Applications of triple integrals in Cartesian, spherical, cylindrical coordinates. Mass, center of gravity, moment of inertia. Example: Moment of inertia of a (spinning top like) homogeneous body (calculated in cylindrical, spherical coordinates.